

International Oil prices



Economy

Global Oil Supply Implications from Potential US-Venezuela Conflict Resolution

- Tensions have increased to unprecedented levels between US-Venezuela conflict post military operation by US and capture of Venezuelan President on 03-Jan-2026.
- This development has brought attention to Venezuela's oil reserves which stand at 303bnbbbls which is 20% of global oil reserves or 24% of oil reserves within OPEC countries. Venezuela oil production stood at 0.93mn bopd as of Nov-25 (OPEC) which is higher in comparison to 2024 production of 0.87mn bopd. This nearly accounts for 1% of the total global oil supply.
- If sanctions are removed, oil price may rise and remain volatile in the near term. Oil prices are likely to come down in the long term once output from Venezuela increase, however, it is likely to take time to ramp up production.
- Pakistan is likely to benefit from lower oil prices as it is likely to reduce import burden and positively impact domestic inflation. Ease in support from external side is also likely to provide stability and may further strengthen PKR.
- From market standpoint, lower oil prices have positive implication on manufacturing sector due to decline in energy prices, and subsequent improvement in margins. However, market heavy sector E&Ps could potentially come under pressure owing to declining revenues.

US-Venezuela Tensions on the rise

Tensions have increased to unprecedented levels between US-Venezuela conflict post military operation by US and capture of Venezuelan President on 03-Jan-2026. The conflict escalated as US blamed the Country for illegal migrants to US along with other various accusations.

Venezuela holds largest oil reserves

This development has brought attention to Venezuela's oil reserves which stand at 303bnbbbls which is 20% of global oil reserves or 24% of oil reserves within OPEC countries. Venezuela oil production stood at 0.93mn bopd as of Nov-25 (OPEC) which is higher in comparison to 2024 production of 0.87mn bopd. This nearly accounts for 1% of the total global oil supply. Venezuela has witnessed its production decline substantially over the last few decades where production stood at 3.5mn bopd in 1970s accounting for nearly 7% of total global crude output.

Regime change could lead to higher production

If current regime is successfully changed in Venezuela and sanctions are lifted, this could lead to potential increase in Venezuela oil production and exports. Although US used to be major buyer of Venezuelan oil

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historically, however, post sanctions China now is the primary destination. Nevertheless, foreign investment may flow in oil sector once sanctions are lifted which would support development of reserves.

Production increase to take time

Although if sanctions are lifted, production may increase back to above 3mn bopd, however, it is likely to take some time as development of reserves and upgradation of infrastructure would take. Moreover, majority of Venezuela's crude is extra heavy containing high sulfur content and density which makes it costlier to extract than conventional oil and is usually sold at a discount to lighter crude. It is normally mixed with lighter crude to make it suitable for export.

Oil prices outlook

Although it is too early to anticipate oil price direction, however, considering rise in geopolitical tensions between US-Venezuela, oil price may rise and remain volatile in the near term. Oil prices are likely to come down in the long term once output from Venezuela increase, however, it is likely to take time to ramp up production possible few years. Although multiple factors are at play to determine long term price such as recovery in demand and potential production cuts by OPEC+, however, potential supply glut at current factors could drag oil prices below US\$ 50/bbl.

Pakistan set to benefit from lower oil prices

Pakistan is likely to benefits from lower oil prices as it is likely to reduce import burden and positively impact domestic inflation. Ease in support from external side is also likely to provide stability and may further strengthen PKR.

Reduced oil imports to support external accounts

Crude oil and Petroleum product imports accounted for nearly 19% of total imports in FY25 and 18% in 5MFY26. Moreover, LNG imports, which is also linked to crude oil accounted for 6% of total imports in FY25. Considering import volumes remain same, a US\$ 5/bbl reduction in oil prices could lead to US\$ 700-800mn of annual savings on import bill.

Exhibit: Pakistan Import bill				
US\$ mn	FY23	FY24	FY25	5MFY26
Petroleum Products	8,975	5,995	6,022	2,380
Crude oil	4,588	4,694	5,266	2,335
Total Crude and POL products	13,562	10,689	11,288	4,715
Total Imports	52,004	52,928	58,979	25,559
% of Total Imports	26%	20%	19%	18%

Source: PBS, IGI Research

Lower oil prices could ease inflation

Lower oil prices could also further ease inflation as transport index contributes nearly 5.9% to total NCPI while fuel prices contribute nearly 2.7%. Any reduction in motor fuel prices is likely to bring down transport index. A 5% reduction in domestic fuel prices could bring down NCPI by 0.3%. Moreover, this will also bring down energy cost leading to decline in energy related charges. Energy price reduction could potentially reduce cost of production for corporate sector and support margins, however, the impact would be visible after a lag of few months.

Lower import bill to support FX reserves and PKR

Similarly, lower import bill is likely to support FX reserve buildup and could further strengthen PKR owing to lower FX requirement.

Risk of slowdown in remittances

Majority of Pakistan's remittances come from Gulf countries (nearly 55% in FY25). As these countries are heavily reliant on oil exports and fiscal breakeven cost above US\$ 75/bbl, there is a risk of slowdown in these economies which could negatively impact remittances. If decline in remittances outpace imports this could negatively impact C/a balance.

Market to react positively to declining oil prices

From market standpoint, lower oil prices have positive implication on manufacturing sector due to decline in energy prices, and subsequent improvement in margins. However, market heavy sector E&Ps could potentially come under pressure owing to declining revenues.

E&Ps sector could take a hit on profitability

E&P sector earnings are directly linked to oil price as revenues are derived from sale of oil to refineries and gas to utility companies (SSGC & SNGP). Moreover, due to lack of substantial discoveries and production decline due to RLNG imports, E&P sector could witness earnings attrition. However, as gas prices are linked with oil prices and are revised bi-annually this could further improve cash recoveries in the short term.

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